

WEST HIGHLAND HOUSING ASSOCIATION ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Financial Conduct Authority Number: 1691R (S)

Scottish Housing Regulator Registration Number: HEP 163

Registered Scottish Charity Number: SC017357

CONTENTS

	Page
	9-
Association information	1 - 2
Report of the board of management	3 - 10
Board statement on internal financial controls	11
Statement of boards responsibilities under the co-operative and community benefit societies Act 2014 for registered social landlords	12
Independent auditor's report	13 - 15
Report by the auditor to the members of West Highland Housing Association on corporate governance matters	16
Statement of comprehensive income	17
Statement of financial position	18
Statement of changes in reserves	19
Statement of cash flows	20
Notes to the financial statements	21 - 45

ASSOCIATION INFORMATION

Directors

G Boyle L Houston J Degnan M Feinmann D Mackie

D Sloss J Tolmie D Cargill

Councillor D McFadzean

P Barnes J McKie (Appointed September 2024) (Appointed September 2024)

Secretary

B Sadler

Registered office

Crannog Lane

Oban Argyll PA34 4HB

Auditor

RSM UK Audit LLP

Third Floor 2 Semple Street Edinburgh EH3 8BL

Internal auditor

TIAA

Artillery House

Fort Fareham Industrial Site

Fareham PO14 1AH

Bankers

Nationwide Building Society

Commercial Division Caledonia House Carnegie Avenue Dunfermline KY11 8PE Bank of Scotland Station road Oban PA34 4LL

Virgin Money 19 Longrow Campbeltown

PA28 6ER

CAF Bank

25 Kingshill Avenue West Malling

Kent ME19 4JQ

Royal Bank of Scotland 36 St Andrew Square

Edinburgh EH2 2AD

ASSOCIATION INFORMATION

Solicitors

T C Young Solicitors 7 West George Street Glasgow

Glasgow G2 1BA

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

The Board presents its report and audited financial statements for year ended 31 March 2025.

Legal Status

West Highland Housing Association Limited (the Association) is a registered non-profit making body under the Cooperative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 No. 1691R (S).

The Association is governed under its Model Rules and registered with the Financial Conduct Authority, the Scottish Housing Regulator as a Registered Social Landlord and with the Office of the Scottish Charities Regulator as a Scottish charity.

Principal Activity

The Association's principal activity is the provision of affordable, well-maintained, high-quality housing in the Oban, Lorn and Island area. In doing this we support fragile communities within the local area.

Mission, Objectives and Values

Our Mission Statement and Values reflect our work in supporting local communities and our tenants.

Our Mission

Providing and maintaining quality homes to support local communities to thrive.

Objectives

The Association plans activities around the following strategic objectives:

- · Providing High Quality Homes
- · Delivering Excellent Services
- Keeping the Organisation Safe and Secure
- Valuing Our People
- Promoting Positive Community Partnerships

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Our Values

Our Values underpin everything we do:

- Responsibility We all take responsibility for our actions.
- Empathy We work hard to understand how people feel as individuals and treat them with dignity.
- Social Impact We strive to ensure that there is a positive social impact from our activities and work with others who share these aims.
- Participation We are proactive in providing opportunities for people to engage with us and help us to improve our services.
- Equity We are all equal and different, and we aim to provide inclusive environments for work and for living.
- Challenge We challenge ourselves and others towards excellence and innovation in all we do.
- Transparency We wish to be open and honest about what we do and how we do it.

Board and Executive Officers

The members of the Board and the Executive Officers are listed on page 1.

Each member of the Board holds one fully paid share of £1 in the Association. The Executive Officers hold no interest in the Association's share capital and, although not having the legal status of Directors, they act as Executives within the authority delegated by the Board. The members of the Board are also Trustees of the Charity. Members of the Board are appointed by the members at the Association's Annual General Meeting.

Corporate Structure

West Highland Housing Association Limited is a subsidiary of Link Group Limited (the Group), a Registered Social Landlord. Ultimate responsibility for the conduct and the control of the Group and its subsidiaries rests with the Link Group Board, while an Independence and Responsibilities Agreement sets out conditions for the autonomous operation of the Association within the Group.

The Association has its own subsidiary West Highland Futures Limited which has its own independent Board of Directors.

Corporate Governance

Link Group submits Group assurance statements to the Regulator confirming compliance with:

- · All relevant regulatory requirements set out in Chapter 3 of the Regulatory Framework
- All relevant standards and outcomes in the Scottish Social Housing Charter
- · All relevant legislative duties
- The Standards of Governance and Financial Management

The Association's Chair, Gerry Boyle, is also a member of the Link Group Board as part of the Link Group governance structure.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Board and Governance

On an operational day to day basis the Association is managed by the Chief Executive who reports to the Board. Board Meetings are held approximately every 2 months. The current governance structure includes an overall Board, an Audit & Risk Committee, a Performance & Health & Safety Committee and a Nominations Committee.

The Board sets the strategic direction of the organisation and monitors the operational activities. As at the year end, there were 11 Board Members, one of which was Council nominated.

At the AGM, Gerry Boyle was re-elected as Board Chair and Linda Houston as Board Vice Chair.

The Board held its annual in-person away day (split over two days) in October 2024 where the main themes were:

- 30 Year Plan / Investment Plans / Assumptions
- · Rent Affordability

Corporate Plan 2023-2028

The current Corporate Plan runs for a five-year period from 2023. Alongside the Corporate Plan, there is an annual Delivery Plan. The 2024/2025 Delivery Plan included the headline actions and projects planned to be undertaken during the year with progress on achieving the Delivery Plan reported on a quarterly basis to Board. The Delivery Plan actions were aligned to the Association's five Corporate Plan Objectives.

Development Strategy 2023-2028

Following the approval of a five-year Development Strategy in 2023, a number of developments were started on site during the year, along with progressing a number of potential future developments. The developments on site at year end 2024/2025 were:

- · 20 units on site at Port Ellen, Islay
- · 16 units on site at Port Charlotte, Islay

West Highland Futures Limited

West Highland Futures Limited is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Association and operates biomass heating systems providing heat to the Association's tenants and at the Mull Progressive Care Centre to NHS Highland and Argyll and Bute Council. West Highland Futures Limited has a separate Board of Directors which meets regularly through the year to review performance.

The accounts for West Highland Futures Limited are not consolidated within these financial statements but they are consolidated within the financial statements of Link Group Limited.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Risk

As part of the Link Group, the Association shares their risk approach and utilises the Link Group Risk Management Framework. The Association has a full risk register which is reported on a quarterly basis to the Audit & Risk Committee, and on an annual basis to Board. The quarterly report to Audit & Risk Committee includes details of any changes to risk ratings, actions and controls that have taken place.

The Association has 30 risks on its corporate risk register and has identified the following as its highest key risks:

- Being unable to meeting Social Housing Net Zero Targets The Scottish Government have been consulting
 on the proposed Social Housing Net Zero standard and the Association awaits further information being
 published on this new standard. In the meantime, the Association continues to upgrade housing stock to
 improve energy efficiency, whilst awaiting final details regarding the new Standard.
- Increased costs affecting the delivery of the business plan whilst the Association is a financially sound and
 robust organisation, the Association recognises that there continues to be increased cost pressures on our
 future finances. The Association will continue to pay close attention to current and anticipated costs across
 the business.

Steps to mitigate the risk related to Net-Zero targets include developing plans in partnership with contractors and other local housing providers, taking advantage of grant opportunities and reviewing the Association's stock.

With regard to the identified risk coming from cost pressures the Association regularly updates its long-term financial projections and this includes a review of outcomes from various scenarios.

Financial Performance

The financial statements reflect the requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP) for registered social housing providers, the Housing SORP 2018.

The financial statements show total comprehensive income for the year of £1,161k (2024: £571k). This surplus was after taking account of a small gain on the Association's pension liability of £11k, compared to a loss of £175k in 2024.

Turnover increased in the year to £7,225k from £6,104k in 2024. The majority of the increase is in relation to property sales included within other activities of £648k (2024: £nil).

The Association's core income from property rents increased by 8.4% to £4,961k from £4,577k, the majority of the increase reflecting the rent increase of 6.7%, which took effect in April 2024, together with additional rental income from recently completed properties.

Operating costs increased to £5,657k from £4,895k in 2024. This is due to additional cost of sales in relation to property sales made in the year coming from a development which completed in the year.

On the Statement of Financial Position, the Association's housing properties amount to £79,589k (2024: £75,661k). Investment in housing property during the year amounted to £6,634k (2024: £5,849k) which included both the development of new properties and the upgrade of existing properties.

Net current assets fell from £3,291k in 2024 to £2,746k and this is attributed to the funding of developments and investing in our current stock from cash reserves rather than from additional loan finance.

At 31 March 2025 the Association's capital and reserves stood at £14,545k (2024: £13,384k).

The Board consider that these reserves are necessary to fund the cost of future major repairs and improvements to the Association's housing properties.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Financing and Liquidity

The Association manages its borrowings and cash investments in accordance with the Treasury Management Policy approved by the Board. In this way the Association manages its borrowing arrangements to ensure that it is always able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due, whilst minimising excess cash and liquid resources held. During the year, the Association continued to utilise the Flagstone Charity Deposit Scheme to increase returns from investment.

The Association does not enter transactions of a speculative nature. At both 31 March 2024 and 2025, the Association had a mix of fixed (48%) and variable rate (52%) finance, which it considered appropriate at the time. This is regularly reviewed and is considered alongside potential interest rate increases.

Properties in Management

As of 31 March 2025, the Association had 851 properties including 12 under shared ownership. In addition, it managed 353 properties on behalf of Link Group and provided a property factoring service to a further 214.

Staffing

Both the Director of Finance & Business Support and Director of Customer Experience posts became vacant during 2024/25. Interim arrangements were put in place to cover the substantive work for both posts while recruitment was undertaken.

The Director of Customer Experience position was amended to Director of Housing & Asset Management and successfully recruited to in March 2025. Whilst the Association was unfortunately unable to appoint a Director of Finance & Business Support, despite support from an external recruitment agency, an interim position is now in place.

Team West Highland whole staff team meetings have continued to be held monthly and throughout the year quarterly staff satisfaction pulse surveys were sent out to all staff, to gather staff satisfaction feedback. The staff pulse survey results were shared with all staff at the Team West Highland meetings.

The Association also held a staff conference at SAMS, Dunbeg at the end of June 2024.

Investors in People

During 2024, the Association successfully retained Investors in People Gold standard. The IIP assessment included interviewing a number of staff in person, along with an online staff survey. The IIP Assessor commented on many positive aspects of the organisation including:

- · People clearly enjoying working in the organisation
- · The strong sense of team
- · Trust in their own line management
- · Confidence in Senior Leadership Team and Operational Management Group
- · People feeling involved in decisions

Alongside the positive feedback, some areas were identified by the IIP Assessor for the Association to work on going forwards and to this end, an IIP Action Plan was approved by the Board in February 2025.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Performance

The Performance, Health & Safety Committee monitors performance in terms of operations, business services and asset management on behalf of the main Board. A range of financial ratios and indicators were produced on a quarterly basis for the Audit & Risk Committee. The performance information was used by both Committees to monitor how the organisation is performing and, more importantly, initiate corrective action in underperforming areas.

The Association reports to the Scottish Housing Regulator each year on performance that is required for the Annual Return on Charter. To ensure the Board has some external assurance regarding the data, an external validator is used. This provides some additional assurance for the Board but also provides the staff team with challenge around their understanding of ARC definitions and their collection of data.

This year the Association's overall operational performance has remained at a similar high level to last year and generally compared favourably when benchmarked against other organisations. In particular, tenant satisfaction has increased in the repairs service which reflects favourably on the positive improvement works undertaken with our repairs contractor.

To draw on some specific areas:

Allocations

In 2024/2025 there were 80 allocations, of which 7 were mutual exchanges.

Voids

Our void performance has continued to be at an excellent level.

Rents

We know that the Association's rents are higher than other Argyll Registered Social Landlord (RSL's). There are several reasons for this to do with build date, type of stock and size of house and we know that our new build rents are set at a similar level to other RSL's. The Association has been utilising a rent tool developed by consultants which provides a deeper level of understanding of the issues around rent affordability and to also utilise the affordability information during Board discussions.

Compliance/Health & Safety

The Association has continued to provide a Compliance Update Report on a quarterly basis to Performance and Health & Safety Committee. Performance in key compliance areas has continued to improve over the course of the year.

Maintenance

The Association has taken a prudent approach in terms of its planned maintenance both in the short/medium term and over the 30 years of the Business Plan.

During 2024/25 the Association committed significant capital investment into a new kitchen replacement project for 113 properties in Oban. The project went well with positive tenant feedback.

Focus has continued around damp, mould and condensation. Both the reporting and monitoring of reports made by tenants is reported on a regular basis to both Board and the Performance & Health & Safety Committee.

Information on our Key Performance Indicators is given in the table below.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Key Performance Indicator	Performance 2024/25	Target 2024/25	Performance 2023/24
Financial Health			
Percentage of rent due lost through properties being empty	0.22%	0.40%	0.31%
Gross rent arrears (all tenants) as a percentage of rent due	1.50%	4.00%	1.84%
Service Quality			
Average re-let time (calendar days)	12.92 days	8 days	13.23 days
Average length of time taken to complete emergency repairs	3.37 hours	12 hours	3.58 hours
Average length of time taken to complete non- emergency repairs	10.86 days	6.5 days	9.62 days
Percentage of reactive repairs carried out in the last year completed right first time	73.58%	90.0%	74.00%
Percentage of tenants who have had repairs carried out in last 12 months and are satisfied with repairs service	84.90%	90%	80.90%
Percentage of Anti-Social Behaviour cases reported and resolved	69%	95.0%	78.57%
Percentage of tenants who feel the rent for their property represents good value for money	77.80%	80.0%	83.8%
Stock Quality			
Percentage of stock meeting the Scottish Housing Quality Standard (SHQS)	95.70%	99%	95.48%
Percentage of properties achieving EICR compliance	100.00%	100%	99.27%
Percentage of properties meeting the Energy Efficiency Standard for Social Housing (EESSH)	96.19%	97.0%	96.34%
Access to Housing and Support			
Percentage of new tenancies sustained for more than one year	82.46%	90.0%	86.76%

West Highland Housing Association sets challenging key performance indicators annually, as we strive to continuously improve services and our performance compares well across the sector.

During the year repairs satisfaction has continued to improve and we expect to continue seeing improvements in repairs performance and customer satisfaction over the next year.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

н.	\sim	20	nπ	em	h	~ I	re
_	υa	ıu	IVI	CIII	יעו	-	-

Board members who served throughout the year are as f	follows:
---	----------

- G Boyle
- L Houston
- J Degnan
- M Feinmann
- D Mackie
- S MacVicar
- D Sloss
- J Tolmie
- D Harrison
- D Cargill

Councillor D McFadzean

D Macintyre

(Appointed July 2024 and resigned January 2025) (Appointed September 2024)

P Barnes

J McKie

(Appointed September 2024)

(Resigned September 2024)

(Resigned September 2024)

Going Concern

The Board has reviewed the results for this year and has also reviewed the projections for the next five years and believes that there is a reasonable expectation that the Association has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, the going concern basis has been adopted in these financial statements.

Auditor

A resolution to re-appoint the Auditor, RSM UK Audit LLP, will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

Statement of disclosure to auditor

As far as the Board is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the auditor is unaware and the Board has taken all the steps it ought to have taken to make itself aware of any relevant audit information and to ensure that the auditor is aware of any such information.

The members of the Board who held office at the date of approval of this report of the Board confirm that, so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Association's auditor is unaware; and each Trustee has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a Trustee to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Association's auditor is aware of that information.

This report was approved by the board on 22 August 2025.

BOARD STATEMENT ON INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

The Board acknowledges its ultimate responsibility for ensuring that the Association has in place a system of controls that is appropriate for the business environment in which it operates. These controls are designed to give reasonable assurance with respect to:

- · the reliability of financial information used within the Association, or for publication;
- · the maintenance of proper accounting records;
- · the safeguarding of assets against unauthorised use or disposition.

It is the Board's responsibility to establish and maintain systems of Internal Financial Control. Such systems can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material financial misstatement or loss. Key elements of the Association's systems include ensuring that:

- formal policies and procedures are in place, including the ongoing documentation of key systems and
 rules relating to the delegation of authority, which allow the monitoring of controls and restrict the
 unauthorised use of Association's assets;
- experienced and suitably qualified staff take responsibility for important business functions and annual appraisal procedures have been established to maintain standards of performance;
- forecasts and budgets are prepared which allow the management team and the Board to monitor key business risks, financial objectives and the progress being made towards achieving the financial plans set for the year and for the medium term;
- quarterly financial management reports are prepared promptly, providing relevant, reliable and up to date financial and other information, with significant variances from budget being investigated as appropriate;
- · regulatory returns are prepared, authorised and submitted promptly to the relevant regulatory bodies;
- all significant new initiatives, major commitments and investment projects are subject to formal authorisation procedures, through the Board;
- the Board receive reports from management and from the external and internal auditors to provide reasonable assurance that control procedures are in place and are being followed and that a general review of the major risks facing the Association is undertaken and
- formal procedures have been established for instituting appropriate action to correct any weaknesses identified through internal or external audit reports.

The Board has reviewed the effectiveness of the system of Internal Financial Control in existence in the Association for the year ended 31 March 2025. No weaknesses were found in the internal financial controls which resulted in material losses, contingencies or uncertainties which require disclosure in the financial statements or in the independent auditor's report on the financial statements.

This statement was approved by the Board on 27 August 2025 and signed on its behalf.

G Boy Board	/le d Member	
Date:	27/08/25	••••

STATEMENT OF BOARDS RESPONSIBILITIES UNDER THE CO-OPERATIVE AND COMMUNITY BENEFIT SOCIETIES ACT 2014 FOR A REGISTERED SOCIAL LANDLORD

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

The Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and registered social housing legislation require the Board to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Association and of the surplus or deficit for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Board is required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Association will continue in business.

The Board is responsible for instituting adequate systems of internal control and for:

- safeguarding assets;
- taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Board is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Association and to enable it to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Cooperative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Determination of Accounting Requirements – February 2019.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF WEST HIGHLAND HOUSING ASSOCIATION

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of West Highland Housing Association (the 'Association') for the year ended 31 March 2025 which comprise Statement of Comprehensive Income, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Changes in Reserves, Statement of Cashflows, and Notes to the Financial Statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Association's affairs as at 31 March 2025 and of its income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, Part 6 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Determination of Accounting Requirements – February 2019.

Basis for opinion

We have been appointed as auditor under section 44(1)(c) of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and report in accordance with regulations made under those Acts.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Association in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Board's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt about the Association's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Board with respect of going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Board is responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF WEST HIGHLAND HOUSING ASSOCIATION (CONTINUED)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- · proper books of account have not been kept by the Association in accordance with section 75; or
- a satisfactory system of control over transactions has not been maintained by the Association in accordance with section 75; or
- the income account and the balance sheet are not in agreement with the books of account of the Association;
 or
- we have not obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, we consider necessary for the purposes of our audit.

Responsibilities of the Board

As explained more fully in the Board's responsibilities statement set out on page 12, the Board is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Board determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board is responsible for assessing the Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board either intends to liquidate the Association or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. The objectives of our audit are to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding compliance with laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, to perform audit procedures to help identify instances of non-compliance with other laws and regulations that may have a material effect on the financial statements, and to respond appropriately to identified or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations identified during the audit.

In relation to fraud, the objectives of our audit are to identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements due to fraud, to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the assessed risks of material misstatement due to fraud through designing and implementing appropriate responses and to respond appropriately to fraud or suspected fraud identified during the audit.

However, it is the primary responsibility of management, with the oversight of those charged with governance, to ensure that the entity's operations are conducted in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations and for the prevention and detection of fraud.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF WEST HIGHLAND HOUSING ASSOCIATION (CONTINUED)

In identifying and assessing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud, the audit engagement team:

- obtained an understanding of the nature of the sector, including the legal and regulatory frameworks that the Association operates in and how the Association is complying with the legal and regulatory frameworks;
- inquired of management, and those charged with governance, about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities, including any known actual, suspected or alleged instances of fraud;
- discussed matters about non-compliance with laws and regulations and how fraud might occur including assessment of how and where the financial statements may be susceptible to fraud.

As a result of these procedures we consider the most significant laws and regulations that have a direct impact on the financial statements are FRS 102, the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010, the Housing SORP, and the Scotlish Housing Regulator's Determination of Accounting Requirements – February 2019. We performed audit procedures to detect non-compliances which may have a material impact on the financial statements which included reviewing financial statement disclosures.

The most significant laws and regulations that have an indirect impact on the financial statements are the Housing (Scotland) Acts 2006 and 2014, the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005, regulation 8 of the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended), the Scottish Housing Regulator's regulatory framework, employment legislation, and data protection regulations. We performed audit procedures to inquire of management and those charged with governance whether the Association is in compliance with these law and regulations and inspected correspondence with licensing or regulatory authorities.

The audit engagement team identified the risk of management override of controls and income recognition as the areas where the financial statements were most susceptible to material misstatement due to fraud. Audit procedures performed included but were not limited to testing manual journal entries and other adjustments, evaluating the business rationale in relation to significant, unusual transactions and transactions entered into outside the normal course of business and challenging judgments and estimates. For income recognition, the audit procedures included but were not limited to performing substantive testing of other income, through agreement to relevant source documentation, focusing on the existence and valuation of income recognised.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Association's members as a body, in accordance with Part 7 of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Association's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Association and the Association's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

RSM UK Audit LLP

RSM UK Audit LLP Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor Third Floor 2 Semple Street Edinburgh EH3 8BL

Date: 29/08/25

RSM UK Audit LLP is eligible to act as an auditor in terms of section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006

REPORT BY THE AUDITOR TO THE MEMBERS OF WEST HIGHLAND HOUSING ASSOCIATION ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE MATTERS

In addition to our audit of the Financial Statements, we have reviewed your statement on page 11 concerning the Association's compliance with the information required by the Regulatory Standards in respect of internal financial controls contained within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes which are issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator.

Basis of Opinion

We carried out our review having regard to the requirements to corporate governance matters within Bulletin 2006/5 issued by the Financial Reporting Council through enquiry of certain members of the Management Committee and Officers of the Association and examination of relevant documents. The Bulletin does not require us to review the effectiveness of the Association's procedures for ensuring compliance with the guidance notes, nor to investigate the appropriateness of the reason given for non-compliance.

Opinion

In our opinion the Statement on Internal Financial Control on page 11 has provided the disclosures required by the relevant Regulatory Standards within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator in respect of internal financial controls and is consistent with the information which came to our attention as a result of our audit work on the Financial Statements.

RSM UK Audit LLP

RSM UK Audit LLP

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor Third Floor 2 Semple Street Edinburgh EH3 8BL

Date: 29/08/25

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

	Notes	2025 £'000	2024 £'000	
Income	3	7,225	6,104	
Operating expenditure		(5,657)	(4,895)	
Operating surplus		1,568	1,209	
Investment income Finance costs Other gains and losses Gift aid from subsidiary		159 (608) 1 30	141 (601) (3)	
Surplus before taxation		1,150	746	
Tax on surplus	7	-	-	
Surplus for the financial year		1,150	746	
Other comprehensive income Actuarial gain/(loss) on defined benefit pension scheme		11	(175)	
Total comprehensive income for the year		1,161 ====	571 ———	

The income and expenditure account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

The notes on pages 21 to 45 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 MARCH 2025

		2025	i	2024	
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Non-current assets					
Housing properties	9		79,589		75,661
Other fixed assets	10		1,298		1,371
Investments			-		-
			3 		
			80,887		77,032
Current assets					
Work in progress	11	1,181		1,679	
Stock	12	431		141	
Trade and other receivables	13	847		1,017	
Investments	14	1,599		1,990	
Cash and cash equivalents		2,240		2,594	
				3 	
		6,298		7,280	
Current liabilities	15	(3,552)		(3,989)	
Net current assets		0 	2,746	(A	3,291
Total assets less current liabilities			83,633		80,323
Non-current liabilities					
Borrowings	16	(9,953)		(10,539)	
Deferred income	17	(58,894)		(56,160)	
		`	(68,847)	`	(66,699)
			8 8 8		N N 6
Provisions for liabilities					
Defined benefit pension liability	18	(241)		(240)	
		-	(241)		(240)
Net assets			14,545		13,384
0					
Capital and reserves	40				
Share capital	19		14 545		40.004
Income and expenditure account			14,545		13,384
			14,545		12 204
			14,545		13,384

The notes on pages 21 to 45 form part of these financial statements.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 22 August 2025 and are signed on its behalf on 27 August 2025 by:



STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN RESERVES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

	Share Income and capital expenditure		Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Balance at 1 April 2023	_	12,813	12,813
Year ended 31 March 2024: Surplus Other comprehensive income:	_	746	746
Actuarial gains on defined benefit plans	-	(175)	(175)
Total comprehensive income	-	571	571
Balance at 31 March 2024	-	13,384	13,384
Year ended 31 March 2025: Surplus Other comprehensive income:	-	1,150	1,150
Actuarial gains on defined benefit plans	-	11	11
Total comprehensive income	-	1,161	1,161
Balance at 31 March 2025	-	14,545	14,545

The notes on pages 21 to 45 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

		2025	5	2024	ļ
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cash flows from operating activities					
Cash generated from operations	25		2,154		1,446
Investing activities					
Acquisition and construction of properties		(6,634)		(5,849)	
Purchase of other fixed assets		(23)		(19)	
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant	and				
equipment		(1)		-	
Social housing grants received		3,772		2,490	
Social housing grants repaid		-		(22)	
Other grants received		-		1,055	
Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets		951		158	
Proceeds from disposal of investments		392		1,165	
Interest received		159		141	
Other income received from investments		30			
Net cash used in investing activities			(1,354)		(881)
Financing activities					
Repayment of bank loans		(559)		(557)	
Interest paid		(595)		(601)	
Net cash used in financing activities			(1,154)		(1,158)
Net decrease in cash and cash equival	ents		(354)		(593)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning o	of year		2,594		3,187
Cook and each equivalents at and after			2.240		0.504
Cash and cash equivalents at end of ye	ear		2,240		2,594

The notes on pages 21 to 45 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

1 Accounting policies

Association information

West Highland Housing Association (the Association) is a registered non-profit making organisation under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 No. 1691R(S). The Association is a Public Benefit Entity in terms of its compliance with Financial Reporting Standard 102. The principal activities of the Association are detailed in the Report of the Board.

The registered office is Crannog Lane, Oban, Argyll, PA34 4HB.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Statement of Recommended Practice for registered social housing providers 2018.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the association. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £'000.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

The Association prepares annual budgets and five year financial projections together with other long term projections. As a result of this work the Board has a reasonable expectation that the Association has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, the Association has adopted the going concern basis of accounting in preparing these financial statements.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover is recognised in the year to which it relates. Turnover represents income from lettings and property management, revenue grants and other income together with the amounts amortised on deferred government grants, which are released to income over the expected useful life of the assets to which they relate.

1.4 Social housing grants

Social Housing Grants and Other Capital Grants are accounted for using the accrual method as outlined in section 24 of FRS102. Grants are treated as deferred income and recognised as income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the structure of the property to which it relates.

Amortisation on social housing grants is credited in line with the depreciation charged on the structure of those assets, the policy in respect of housing assets, is not to charge depreciation in the year of capitalisation/acquisition which was a change in accounting policy in the year to 31 March 2024.

Social Housing Grant received in respect of revenue expenditure is credited as income in the same period as the expenditure to which it relates.

1.5 Non-government grants

Non-government grants are accounted for using the performance method as outlined in section 24 of FRS 102 and the SORP 2018. Non-government grants are recognised as income when the performance conditions have been met.

1.6 Non-Current Assets

Housing properties

Housing properties are properties for the provision of social housing or otherwise to provide social benefit and are principally properties available for rent. Expenditure on schemes which are subsequently aborted is written off in the year in which it is recognised that the schemes will not be developed to completion.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

No depreciation is charged in the year of capitalisation/acquisition of all Housing assets and a full year of depreciation is charged in the year of disposal.

Properties are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Each property has been split between its major component parts which are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their expected economic useful life. The following components and their useful lives have been reviewed and revised to ensure that they align with the Group and to better reflect the actual use of the assets:

Not depreciated Land Structure 65 years Smoke detectors 10 years 65 years Roof 65 years Render Heating 15 years Hot water cylinder 30 years External doors 30 years Windows 30 years Bathroom 30 years Kitchen 15 years

Works to existing properties

Works to existing properties will generally be capitalised under the following circumstances:

- Where a component of the housing property that has been treated separately for depreciation purposes and depreciated over its useful economic life is replaced or restored, or material reduction in future maintenance costs, or
- Where the subsequent expenditure provides an enhancement of the economic benefits of the tangible fixed assets in excess of the previously assessed standard of performance. Such enhancement can occur if the improvements result in an increase in rental income, a material reduction in future maintenance costs or a significant extension of the life of the property.

Works to existing properties which fail to meet the above criteria are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Other Non-current assets

Other non-current assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. The other non-current assets, other than land, are written off at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset less any grant received evenly over their expected useful economic lives as follows:

Land Not depreciated
Office property Over 50 years
Plant & equipment 5% straight line
Furniture & equipment 20% reducing balance
Motor vehicles 25% reducing balance

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.7 Impairment of non-current assets

An assessment is made at each reporting date of whether there are indications that a fixed asset (including housing properties) may be impaired or that an impairment loss previously recognised has fully or partially reversed. If such indications exist the Association estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. Shortfalls between the carrying value of non-current assets and their recoverable amounts, being the higher value less costs to sell and value-in-use of the asset based on its service potential, are recognised as impairment losses in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

1.8 Stock and work in progress

Completed properties (stock) and property under construction for outright sale (WIP) are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises materials, direct labour and direct development overheads. In respect of mixed tenure developments, the allocation of costs and the related grant is based on the amounts included in the original grant application.

Net realisable value is based on estimated sale price after allowing for all further costs of completion and disposal.

Shared equity transactions are grants received from the grant awarding body and passed onto an eligible beneficiary. The grant awarding body has a benefit of a fixed charge on the property. This entitles the grant awarding body to a share of the proceeds on the sale of the property by the beneficiary.

1.9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.10 Financial instruments

The Association has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised when the Association becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the financial asset is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through surplus and deficit, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in surplus or deficit.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in surplus or deficit.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the association transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, bank loans, loans from fellow group undertakings, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the association's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.11 Taxation

The association is exempt from corporation tax, it being an entity not carrying on a business for the purposes of making a profit.

Value added tax

The Association is VAT registered and is included within the Link VAT Group. As the major part of the Association's income is exempt, expenditure is shown inclusive of VAT.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.12 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or non-current assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the association is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.13 Retirement benefits

The Association participates in the SHAPS Defined Contribution pension scheme. Contributions are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income so as to spread the cost of pensions over the employees' working lives with the Association.

In respect of the defined benefit scheme, which is closed to new entrants, payments are made in accordance with periodic calculations by consulting actuaries and are based on pension costs applicable across the various participating associations taken as a whole. In accordance with FRS 102, the Association's share of the scheme assets and liabilities has been separately identified and included in the Statement of Financial Position and measured using a projected unit method and discounted at the current rate of return on a high-quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency to the liability. The Association's share of the deficit is recognised in full and the movement is split between operating costs, finance items and in the Statement of Comprehensive Income as actuarial gain or loss on pension scheme.

1.14 Sale of housing properties

Properties are disposed of under the appropriate legislation and guidance. All costs and grants relating to the share of property sold are removed from the financial statements at the date of sale, except for first tranche sales. Any grants received that cannot be repaid from the proceeds of sale are abated and the grants removed from the financial statements. First tranche shared ownership disposals are credited to turnover on completion, the cost of construction of these sales is taken to operating costs. Disposals of subsequent tranches are treated as fixed asset disposals with the gain or loss on disposal shown in the income and expenditure account, in accordance with the SORP.

Disposals under shared equity schemes are accounted for in the income and expenditure account.

1.15 Lease obligations

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the income and expenditure account on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain accounting estimates. It also requires the Board to exercise judgement in applying West Highland Housing Association's accounting policies.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

(Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The areas requiring a higher degree of judgement or complexity and areas where assumptions or estimates are most significant to the financial statements are disclosed below:

Rent arrears - Bad debt provision

The Association assesses the recoverability of rent arrears through a detailed assessment process which considers: tenant payment history, arrangements in place and court action.

Useful lives of components

The Association estimates the useful lives of major components of its housing property with reference to experience within the housing association sector and to expected design life for components.

Useful lives of properties, plant and equipment

The Association assesses the useful life of its properties, plant and equipment and estimates the annual charge for depreciation based on this.

Development cost of housing property

The Association assesses the value of the work in progress in respect of the development cost of shared equity properties for sale against the expected sale proceeds to establish whether any impairment charge is required.

Pension scheme liabilities

The SHAPS defined benefit pension scheme liability is valued in these financial statements by an independent actuary. The assumptions used are reviewed by the Board of Management and considered appropriate. Assumptions include estimates of mortality, salary inflation, inflation and discount rates. There are also judgements in respect of the allocation of assets and liabilities in SHAPS as a multi-employer pension scheme.

Classification of commercial properties

The Association has reviewed the classification of its surplus office accommodation properties and concluded that these are correctly included within its property plant and equipment assets rather than as investment properties.

Allocation of management expenses

Direct employee administration and operating costs have been apportioned to the income and expenditure account on the basis of costs of the staff to the extent that they are directly engaged in each of the operations dealt with in those accounts. The allocation of management costs between rented and shared ownership properties has been calculated in proportion of the amount of rental income received.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

3 Particulars of turnover, operating costs and operating surplus/(deficit)

	2025	2025	2025	2024
	Turnover	Turnover Operating Operating costs surplus/ (deficit)		Operating surplus/ (deficit)
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Affordable letting activities (Note 3A)	5,967	(4,406)	1,561	1,202
Other activities (Note 3B)	1,258	(1,251)	7	7
Total 2025	7,225	(5,657)	1,568	1,209
		Announce and Annual		**************************************
		······		
Total 2024	6,104	(4,895)	1,209	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

3 Particulars of turnover, operating costs and operating surplus/(deficit)

(Continued)

3(a) Particulars of turnover, operating costs and operating surplus/(deficit) from affordable letting activities

	General Needs housing £'000	Shared ownership £'000	2025 Total £'000	2024 Total £'000
Revenue from rent and service charges Rent and service charges receivable	4,948	40	4,988	4,600
Gross income from rent and service charges Less voids	4,948 (27)	40	4,988 (27)	4,600 (23)
Net income from rents and service charges Revenue grants	4,921	40	4,961	4,577
Grants released from deferred income Revenue grants from Scottish Ministers	1,006 - -	-	1,006	989 45
Total turnover from affordable letting activities Expenditure	5,927	40	5,967	5,611
Management and maintenance administration costs Service costs Planned and cyclical maintenance including	(1,401) (109)	(9) -	(1,410) (109)	(1,421) -
major repair costs Reactive maintenance costs Bad debts – rents and service charges	(377) (855) (20)	- -	(377) (855) (20)	(352) (921) (10)
Depreciation of affordable let properties Gain/(loss) on disposal of components Gain/(loss) on disposal of housing properties	(1,753) (35) 54	(7) - 106	(1,760) (35) 160	(1,802) (36) (133)
Operating costs for affordable letting activities	(4,496) ———	90	(4,406) ———	(4,409)
Operating surplus / (deficit) for affordable letting activities 2025	1,431	130	1,561	1,202
Operating surplus / (deficit) for affordable letting activities 2024	1,035	167	1,202	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

3 Particulars of turnover, operating costs and operating surplus/(deficit)

(Continued)

	Grants From Scottish Ministers 2025 £'000	Revenue Grants 2025 £'000	Supporting People Income 2025 £'000	Other Income 2025 £'000	Total Turnover 2025 £'000	Other operating Costs 2025	Operating Surplus/ (Deficit) 2025 £'000	Operating Surplus/ (Deficit) 2024 £'000
Wider role activities	-	_	-	-	_	(8)	(8)	(2)
Factoring	-	-	-	10	10	(1)	9	-
Contracted out services undertaken for other RSLs	_	_	_	183	183	(183)	_	-
Development and improvements for sale to non-RSLs	-	-	-	648	648	(648)	_	-
Other activities	43	149	-	225	417	(411)	6	9
Total from other activities in the year	43	149	-	1,066	1,258	(1,251)	7	7
Total from other activities in the prior year	137	356		-	493	(486)	7	******

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Auditor's remuneration		
	2025	2024
Fees payable to the company's auditor and associates:	£'000	£'000
For audit services		
Audit of the financial statements of the company	18 	17
Employees		
The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the	e company during the	e year was:
	2025	2024
	Number	Number
Average number of employees	32	32
Average full time equivalent	30	30
Their aggregate remuneration comprised:		
	2025	2024
	£'000	£'000
Wages and salaries	1,097	1,043
Social security costs	116	102
Pension costs	76	62
	1,289	1,207
		-,207

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

6 Key management personnel

Key management personnel, during the year, are defined as:

Chief Executive Brett Sadler

Director of Housing and Asset Management
Director of Finance and Business Support
Director of Customer Experience

John MacDonald (appointed 01/03/2025)
Linda Hoar (resigned 30/09/2024)
Michael Driscoll (resigned 05/01/2025)

Aggregate emoluments payable to employees with emoluments greater than £60,000 (excluding pension contributions) were:

	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
Emoluments (excluding pension contributions)	87	217
Total emoluments	94	232

The number of key management personnel whose emoluments exceed £60,000 (excluding pension) are shown within the following bands:

	2025	2024
	£'000	£'000
£60,001 to £70,000	-	2
£70,001 to £80,000	-	-
£80,001 to £90,000	1	1
Emoluments payable to Chief Executive	2025	2024
Emoruments payable to other Executive	£'000	£'000
Emoluments (excluding pension contributions)	87	86
Employer pension contributions	7	6
	94	92

One director (2024: nil) received travel expenses of £798 (2024: £nil).

7 Taxation

The Association is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 Finance Act 2012 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the Association is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income and capital gains received within categories covered by Chapter 3 Part 11 Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

8	Housing stock		
		2025	2024
		No:	No:
	Property for rent	839	819
	Shared ownership	12	13
	Property for rent managed for Link Group	310	310
	Rent to buy*	43	44
	Total Units	1,204	1,186

^{*} the rent to buy properties are managed by the Association on behalf of Link Housing Association.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

9 Non-current assets - Housing properties

	Properties held for lettings	Properties under construction	Shared ownership	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cost				
At 1 April 2024	96,125	8,965	582	105,672
Additions	1,783	4,851	-	6,634
Disposals	(223)	-	(60)	(283)
Transfers	4,258	(5,133)	-	(875)
At 31 March 2025	101,943	8,683	522	111,148
Depreciation and impairment	***************************************			***************************************
At 1 April 2024	29,704	-	307	30,011
Depreciation charged in the year	1,753	-	7	1,760
Eliminated in respect of disposals	(181)	-	(31)	(212)
At 31 March 2025	31,276	-	283	31,559
Carrying amount			-	
At 31 March 2025	70,667	8,683	239	79,589
At 31 March 2024	66,421	8,965	275	75,661

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

9 Non-current assets - Housing properties

(Continued)

Total works expenditure on existing housing properties amounted to £2,748k (2024: £2,702k) of which £1,255k (2024: £1,649k) was capitalised in respect of housing components and £221k (2024: £908k) in respect of improvements. The remaining £1,272k (2024: £145k) was included as expenditure through the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

There were no amounts capitalised during the year in respect of interest (2024: nil).

The Association's lenders have standard securities over housing property with a net book value of £47,002k (£44,612k).

The cost of land within housing property was £8,065k (2024: £7,690k).

All land and buildings included within the above are wholly owned by the Association.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

10	Non-current assets - Other				
		Office property	Plant & office equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Cost				
	At 1 April 2024	695	1,672	27	2,394
	Additions	-	23	-	23
	Disposals		(16)	(18)	(34)
	At 31 March 2025	695	1,679	9	2,383
	Depreciation and impairment				
	At 1 April 2024	250	748	25	1,023
	Depreciation charged in the year	12	79	1	92
	Eliminated in respect of disposals	-	(13)	(17)	(30)
	At 31 March 2025	262	814	9	1,085
	Carrying amount				
	At 31 March 2025	433	865	-	1,298
	At 31 March 2024	445	924	2	1,371
11	Work in progress			2025	2004
				2025 £'000	2024 £'000
	At 1 April 2024			1,679	1,679
	Expenditure transferred from assets under construction			874	_
	Cost of sales transferred to expenditure			(941)	-
	Transfers to stock			(431)	-
	At 31 March 2025			1,181	1,679
12	Stock			2025	2024
				£'000	£'000
	Transfers from work in progress			431	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

13	Trade and other receivables			
	Amounts falling due within one year:		2025 £'000	2024 £'000
	Arrears of rent and service charges Less: provision for bad and doubtful debts		140 (73)	149 (61)
	Net rental debtors		67	88
	Prepayments and accrued income Amounts owed by group undertakings Other receivables		77 119 584 — 847	111 145 673 1,017
14	Current asset investments		2025 £'000	2024 £'000
	Short term deposits		1,599	1,990
15	Current liabilities			
		Notes	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
	Housing loans Rent and service charges in advance Trade payables Amounts owed to group undertakings Taxation and social security Other payables Accruals and deferred income	16	575 100 591 39 24 1,819 404 3,552	548 93 502 473 24 1,473 876 3,989

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

16	Borrowings		
10	Borrowings	2025	2024
		£,000	£'000
	Bank loans	10,528	11,087
	Payable within one year	575	548
	Payable after one year	9,953	10,539
		Andrews Communication	4 11.11.11
	Analysis of housing loans	2025	2024
		£'000	£'000
	Fixed rate		
	Advanced by banks	4,351	4,541
	Advanced by building societies	-	-
	Advanced by other institutions	744	776
	Variable rate		
	Advanced by banks	4,413	4,672
	Advanced by building societies	1,020	1,098
	Advanced by other institutions	-	
		10,528	11,087

Interest on the loans was charged at rates between 2.9% and 6.4% (2024: between 2.9% and 7.1%).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

17	Deferred income		
		2025	2024
		£'000	£'000
	Social housing grants		
	At 1 April 2024	54,177	51,100
	Additions in the year	3,772	2,490
	Released/repaid as a result of property disposals	(26)	(23)
	Amortised in the year	(946)	(996)
	Transfer		1,606
	At 31 March 2025	56,977	54,177
		2025	2024
	Other grants	£'000	£'000
	At 1 April 2024	1,983	2,550
	Additions in the		
	year	-	1,055
	Released/repaid as a result of property disposals	-	(1,605)
	Amortised in the year	(66)	(17)
	At 31 March 2025	1,917	1,983
		-	
	Total deferred income	58,894	56,160
	This is expected to release to the Statement of comprehensive income as follows:		
	Amounts due to be released in one year	1,085	1,385
	Amounts due to be released after one year	57,809	54,775
		58,894	56,160
18	Retirement benefit schemes		
		2025	2024
	Defined contribution schemes	£'000	£'000
	Charge to profit or loss in respect of defined contribution schemes	74	62

The Association offers all staff membership of the SHAPS Defined Contribution Scheme, with employer contribution rates of up to 8% of pensionable salaries.

As at the year-end, there were 29 active members (2024: 27) of the Defined Contribution Scheme employed by the Association. As at the year-end there were outstanding contributions of £12k (2024: £14k) which were payable to the fund and are included in creditors.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

18 Retirement benefit schemes

(Continued)

Defined benefit schemes

West Highland Housing Association Limited participates in the Scottish Housing Associations' Pension Scheme (the Scheme), a multi-employer scheme which provides benefits to some 150 non-associated employers. The Scheme is a defined benefit scheme in the UK.

The Scheme is subject to the funding legislation outlined in the Pensions Act 2004 which came into force on 30 December 2005. This, together with documents issued by the Pensions Regulator and Technical Actuarial Standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council, set out the framework for funding defined benefit occupational pension schemes in the UK.

Valuation

The last triennial valuation of the scheme for funding purposes was carried out as at 30 September 2021. This valuation revealed a deficit of £27m. A Recovery Plan has been put in place to eliminate the deficit which ran until 30 September 2022.

The Scheme is classified as a 'last-man standing arrangement'. Therefore, the Association is potentially liable for other participating employers' obligations if those employers are unable to meet their share of the scheme deficit following withdrawal from the Scheme. Participating employers are legally required to meet their share of the Scheme deficit on an annuity purchase basis on withdrawal from the Scheme.

For accounting purposes, a valuation of the scheme is carried out with an effective date of 30 September each year. The liability figures from this valuation are rolled forward for accounting year-ends from the following 31 March to 28 February inclusive.

The latest accounting valuation was carried out with an effective date of 30 September 2023. The liability figures from this valuation were rolled forward for accounting year-ends from the following 31 March 2024 to 28 February 2025 inclusive.

Funding policy

The liabilities are compared, at the relevant accounting date, with the company's fair share of the Scheme's total assets to calculate the company's net deficit or surplus.

	2025	2024
Key assumptions	%	%
Discount rate	5.50	4.80
Inflation (RPI)	3.20	3.40
Inflation (CPI)	2.80	2.95
Salary growth	3.10	3.10
Allowance for commutation of pension for cash at retirement	75% of	75% of
	maximum	maximum
	allowance	allowance

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

18	Retirement benefit schemes		(Continued)
	Mortality assumptions Assumed life expectations on retirement at age 65:	2025 Years	2024 Years
	Retiring today - Males - Females	20.2 22.7	20.2 22.7
	Retiring in 20 years - Males - Females	21.5 24.2	21.4 24.1
	Amounts recognised in the income statement Costs/(income):	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
	Net interest on net defined benefit liability/(asset) Other costs and income	12 2	135 2
	Total costs	14	137
	Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income Costs/(income):	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
	Actual return on scheme assets Less: calculated interest element	78 63	(2) (65)
	Return on scheme assets excluding interest income Actuarial changes related to obligations	141 (152)	(67) 110
	Total costs/(income)	(11) ——	<u>43</u>
	The amounts included in the statement of financial position arising from the company's obligations in respect of defined benefit plans are as follows:		
	Liabilities/(assets):	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
	Present value of defined benefit obligations Fair value of plan assets	(1,462) 1,221	(1,579) 1,339
	Deficit in scheme	(241)	(240)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

18	Retirement benefit schemes	(Continued)
	Movements in the present value of defined benefit obligations	2025 £'000
	Liabilities at 1 April 2024 Benefits paid Actuarial gains and losses Interest cost Other	1,579 (42) (152) 75 2
	At 31 March 2025	1,462 ——
	Movements in the fair value of plan assets	2025 £'000
	Fair value of assets at 1 April 2024 Interest income Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest) Benefits paid Contributions by the employer	1,339 63 (141) (42) 2
	At 31 March 2025	1,221

The actual return on plan assets was £78,000 (2024 - £2,000).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

18	Retirement benefit schemes		(Continued)
	Fair value of plan assets	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
	Equity instruments	141	154
	Debt instruments	-	60
	Distressed opportunities	-	49
	Credit relative value	-	47
	Alternate risk premia	_	48
	Liquid alternatives	225	-
	Emerging market debt	-	24
	Risk sharing	_	80
	Insurance linked securities	5	8
	Property	60	57
	Infrastructure	-	128
	Private equity	1	1
	Real assets	146	-
	Private debt	-	54
	Opportunistic illiquid credit	_	53
	Private credit	152	-
	Credit	52	
	Investment grade credit	56	-
	Cash	7	35
	Long lease property	_	10
	Secured income	28	45
	Liability driven investments	344	485
	Currency hedging	2	(1)
	Net current assets	2	2
		1,221	1,339

None of the fair values of the assets shown above include any direct investments in the Association's own financial instruments or any property occupied by, or other assets used by, the Association.

19 Share capital

Shares of £1 fully paid and issued	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
As at 1 April Issued in year	60 4	100 1
Cancelled in year		<u>(41)</u>
As at 31 March	64	60

The company is limited by guarantee, not having a share capital and consequently the liability of members is limited, subject to an undertaking by each member to contribute to the net assets or liabilities of the company on winding up such amounts as may be required not exceeding £1.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

20 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingent liabilities

Dunbeg

In connection with the initial development of 75 properties at Dunbeg, which was carried out in partnership with Link Housing Association, the Association has entered into bonds in favour of Argyll and Bute Council for the amount of £50,000. The bonds relate to an obligation imposed under the development's planning conditions for the construction of playparks for community recreation within five years of the commencement of the development. Although the necessary conditions have been met to release the bonds as at 31 March 2025, the related approval from the Council is still awaited.

Defined Benefit Pensions

The Association has been notified by the Trustee of the Scheme that it has performed a review comparing the benefits provided to scheme members over recent years with the requirements of the Scheme documentation. Due to uncertainty as to the effect of some benefit changes, the Trustee has been advised by lawyers to seek clarification from the Court on potential changes to the pension liability. It is recognised that this could potentially impact the value of Scheme liabilities, but until the outcome of the ongoing Court process is known (which is currently expected to be late 2025), it is not possible to calculate the impact on the liabilities of this issue with any accuracy, particularly on an individual employer basis, for the purposes of the 31 March 2025 financial statements. Accordingly, no adjustment has been made in these financial statements in respect of this potential issue.

The Board are aware that the Court of Appeal has upheld the decision in the Virgin Media vs NTL Pension Trustees II Limited case. The decision puts into question the validity of any amendments made in respect of the rules of a contracted-out pension scheme between 6 April 1997 and 5 April 2016. The judgment means that some historic amendments affecting s.9(2B) rights could be void if the necessary actuarial confirmation under s.37 of the Pension Schemes Act 1993 was not obtained.

On the 5 June 2025, the Government announced its intention to introduce legislation to give affected pension schemes the ability to retrospectively obtain written confirmation that historical benefit changes met the necessary standards. However, details of the legislation have not been announced. Subject to the entity being able to comply with the legislation and the pension scheme obtaining the required written actuarial confirmation, the Board do not expect the valuation of the scheme liabilities to change.

21 Operating lease commitments

At the reporting end date the Association had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, which fall due as follows:

	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
Within one year	4	7
	4	,
Between two and five years	6	5
	**************************************	***************************************
	10	12
		

During the year £2k (2024: £1k) was recognised as an expense in relation to operating lease agreements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

21 Operating lease commitments

(Continued)

Lessor

The Association leases surplus office space. Future minimum rentals receivable under these leases are as follows:

	2025	2024
	£'000	£'000
Within one year	12	8
Between two and five years	16	8
In over five years	6	8
	34	24

22 Capital commitments

As at the year end the Association had capital commitments in respect of amounts contracted for but not provided for in these financial statements as follows:

	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	3,353	7,332

This expenditure will be funded by Social Housing Grant, by loans secured on the Association's developments and from accumulated reserves.

23 Related party transactions

Members of the Board are related parties of the Association as defined by Financial Reporting Standard 102. The related party relationships of the members of the Board are summarised as set out below.

Board members cannot use their position to their advantage and any transactions between the Association and any entity with which a Board member has a connection is made at arm's length and under normal commercial terms.

There were no members of the Board (2024: nil), who were tenants of the Association. During the year one board member (2024: nil) was reimbursed £982 (2024: nil) for travel expenses incurred.

Dougie McFadzean, a Board member of the Association is a councillor with Argyll and Bute Council. Any transactions with Argyll and Bute Council are carried out at arm's length, on normal commercial terms and none of the above councillors can use their position to their advantage. Councillors who are members of the Board declare their interests relating to relevant decisions taken by the Association

As a wholly owned subsidiary of Link Group Limited the Association is exempt from the requirements of FRS 102 to disclose details of transactions with other members of the group headed by Link Group Limited, Link House, 2C New Mart Road, Edinburgh, EH14 1RL.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

24 Ultimate controlling party

The Association's parent undertaking as at 31 March 2025 was Link Group Limited, a registered society under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, registered with the Financial Conduct Authority, registration number 1481RS. Link Group Limited exercises dominant control through its ability to control the majority of the membership of the Board.

The accounts of West Highland Housing Association are consolidated within the consolidated accounts of Link Group Limited. The registered office of Link Group Limited and the address from which the consolidated accounts can be obtained from is 2C New Mart Road, Edinburgh, EH14 1RL.

25	Cash generated from operations			
			2025	2024
			£'000	£'000
	Surplus for the year after tax		1,150	746
	Adjustments for:			
	Finance costs		608	604
	Investment income		(159)	(141)
	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment		(55)	(96)
	Depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment		1,852	1,891
	Amortisation of capital grants		(1,012)	(1,013)
	Other gains and losses		(30)	-
	Movements in working capital:			
	Decrease/(increase) in inventories		67	(1,140)
	Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables		170	(65)
	(Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables		(437)	660
	Cash generated from operations		2,154	1,446
26	Analysis of changes in net debt			
		1 April 2024	Cash flows 31	March 2025
		£'000	£'000	£'000
	Cash at bank and in hand	2,594	(354)	2,240
	Borrowings excluding overdrafts	(11,087)	559	(10,528)
		(8,493)	205	(8,288)

